

NCBI News, June 2011

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Featured Resource: Re-designed PopSet

NCBI's PopSet database of related sequences and alignments from phylogenetic, population, mutation, and ecosystem studies has been completely redesigned and now features an embedded graphical alignment and better integration of related data from other PopSets and other Entrez databases. The new pages also include on-the-fly analysis with BLAST and Tree View.

The PopSet Record View

The PopSet record view is now fully integrated with the updated Entrez system and can be addressed simply with the PopSet database name and the identifier as shown below.

<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/popset/298351991>

The record display shown in Figure 1 consists of up to three sections: the study details showing the article reporting the current set; a list of the sequence records in the set; and, when available, the submitted alignment displayed in the embedded Graphical Sequence Viewer (GSV), now also appearing in Entrez Gene and SNP record views. The PopSet embedded alignment view shows the alignment portion of the full GSV display of the master or top sequence in the multiple-alignment. Clicking on the "Open full-view" link opens the GSV nucleotide view of the top sequence showing the detailed alignment tracks.

As in the other Entrez databases, the "Display Setting" menu controls the format of the records displayed; the "Send to" menu manages saving data, shown in Figure 2. Display options are similar to those available for the Nucleotide database and include the standard sequence formats such as FASTA and GenBank. The sequence record formats are presented within the PopSet display rather than by linking to the sequence database.

The "Send to" menu can send data to the Entrez clipboard, Collections in a My NCBI account, or to a file on the local computer. The file saving format options include the standard sequence formats, popular multiple alignment formats – FASTA plus gap, CLUSTAL, Nexus, and Phylip – are also available making the alignments easy to use for local analysis.

Improved PopSet-PopSet Connections

PopSet now features more explicit connections between PopSets associated with the same study. As always, following the link from a PubMed record retrieves all PopSets for molecules used in the study. In the previous version of PopSet, however, it was not easy to navigate from one PopSet to others that are part of the same study. The PopSet-PopSet link now provides rapid access to related PopSets. The related PopSets also are listed "Other

Carnivora apolipoprotein B (APOB) gene, partial cds.
 PopSet: 298351991
 GenBank FASTA

Study Details
Pattern and timing of diversification of the mammalian order Carnivora inferred from multiple nuclear gene sequences.
 Eizirik, E., Murphy, W.J., Koepfli, K.P., Johnson, W.E., Dragoo, J.W., Wayne, R.K. and O'Brien, S.J. (2010) Mol. Phylogenet. Evol. 56:(1)49-63
 PMID: 20138220 [Citation](#)

Sequences in this data set

Description	Mar...	Seq. S...	First	Alignment	Last	Seq. End	Seq. L...
GU930905.1 Ursus americanus ap...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T A R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930904.1 Ailuropoda melanole...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T A R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930903.1 Ailurus fulgens apoli...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T A R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930902.1 Odobenus rosasmus			252	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T G R A A G A T T T C C A G G	280	932	932
GU930901.1 Mirounga angustirost...			252	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T G R A A G A T T T C C A G G	280	932	932
GU930900.1 Mydaus marchei apo...			252	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T G R A A G A T T T C C A G G	280	932	932
GU930899.1 Conepatus leuconot...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T G R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930898.1 Spilogale putorius ap...			252	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T G R A A G A T T T C C A G G	280	932	932
GU930897.1 Mephitis mephitis ap...			252	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T G R A A G A T T T C C A G G	280	932	932
GU930896.1 Urocyon cinereocarge...			252	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T G R A A G A T T T C C A G G	280	932	932
GU930895.1 Nyctereutes procyon...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T G R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930894.1 Genetta genetta apo...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T G R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930893.1 Civettictis civetta ap...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T G R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930892.1 Fossa fossana apoli...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T G R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930891.1 Rhynchogale melleri...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G T G R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930890.1 Ichneumia albicauda...			239	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G C C A R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930889.1 Helogale parvula apo...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G C C A R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930888.1 Suricata suricatta ap...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T G C C A R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930887.1 Panthera onca apoli...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T A C C A R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930886.1 Leopardus pardalis a...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T A C C A R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930885.1 Lynx lynx apolipopro...			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T A C C A R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933
GU930884.1 Felis catus apolipoprotein B (APOB) gene, partial cds			253	R A R T C C C T T T T T A T A C C A R A A G A T T T C C A G G	281	933	933

Alignment
 253 - 281 (29 bases shown)

Open Full View

PubMed
Taxonomy

Figure 1. The new PopSet record display showing the Study Details, the Sequences list, and the submitted Alignment for a phylogenetic set (PopSet: 298351991) of apolipoprotein B sequences from mammals. The Study Details shows the title of the study with a link to the citation in PubMed and the full-text in PMC (not shown) when available. The list of sequences provides the sequence titles and a link to each record in the Nucleotide database. The submitted Alignment is displayed in the embedded Graphical Sequence Viewer.

data sets from this study” in the right-hand Discovery Column of the full record. Figure 3 shows the items in the Discovery Column and the corresponding related data in PopSet and PubMed.

Analysis Tools: BLAST and Tree View

For PopSets with fewer than 100 sequences, analysis tools are available at the top of the right-hand Discovery Column (Figure 3). These allow generating or re-generating an alignment with BLAST or, if a submitted alignment is present, displaying a distance tree (Tree View) based on the alignment. Figure 4 shows the results of the BLAST and Tree View tools for a phylogenetic study set that has a submitted alignment. The link to run BLAST is especially useful in cases where the set does not contain a submitted alignment, for example PopSet: 338197537. In such cases the Tree View can be invoked after running the BLAST alignment through the “Distance tree of results” link on the BLAST output.

Display Settings: PopSet

Format

- Summary
- PopSet
- GenBank
- FASTA
- FASTA (text)
- ASN.1
- Revision History
- Accession List
- GI List

Choose Destination

- File
- Clipboard
- Collections
- Analysis Tool

Download 1 items.

Format

- CLUSTAL**
- PopSet
- GenBank
- FASTA
- ASN.1
- XML
- INSDSeq.XML
- TinySeq.XML
- Feature Table
- FASTA plus Gap
- CLUSTAL
- Nexus
- Phylip

Sequences in this data set

GU930905.1	Ursus americanus
GU930904.1	Alluropoda melano
GU930903.1	Allurus fulgens apd
GU930902.1	Odobenus rosmaru
GU930901.1	Mirounga angustiro
GU930900.1	Mydaus marchei a

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CLUSTAL W (1.83) multiple sequence alignment
gi|298351991      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCATTGAGGCCACGTAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAATCT
gi|298351993      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCATTGAGGCCACGTAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAATCT
gi|298351995      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCATTGAGGCCACGTAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAATCT
gi|298351997      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCATTGAGGCCACGTAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAATCT
gi|298351999      -GCTGTAACAATGAAAACAGCATTGAGGCCATGTAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAATCT
gi|298352001      -GCTGTAACAATGAAAACAGCATTGAGGCCATGTAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAATCT
gi|298352003      -GCTGTAACAATGAAAACAGCATTGAGGCCATGTAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAATCT
gi|298352005      -GCTGTAACAATGAAAACAGCATTGAGGCCATGTAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAATCT
gi|298352007      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCATTGAGGCCACGTAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAATCT
gi|298352009      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCATTGAGGCCACGTAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAATCT
gi|298352011      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCATTGAGGCCACGTAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAATCT
gi|298352013      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGTGTGAGGCCACATAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAACCT
gi|298352015      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGTGTGAGGCCACATAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAACCT
gi|298352017      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCATTGAGGCCACATAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAACCT
gi|298352019      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCTTAGAGGCCACATAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAACCT
gi|298352021      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCATTGAGGCCACATAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAACCT
gi|298352023      -----AGAGCAGTGTGGGGCCACATAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAACCT
gi|298352025      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCACTGAGGCCACATAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAACCT
gi|298352027      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCACTGAGGCCACATAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAACCT
gi|298352029      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCATTGAGGCCACATAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAACCT
gi|298352031      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCACTGAGGCCACATAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAACCT
gi|298352033      TGCTGGAACAATGAGAACAGCACTGAGGCCACATAGGAATAAATGGAGAAGCCAACCT
    
```

Figure 2. “Display Settings” (upper left) and “Send to” (upper right) menus for the new PopSet record display. PopSet retains its own separate sequence record formats (FASTA, GenBank, ASN.1). These are displayed within the PopSet database rather than in the sequence databases. Download options for PopSets with alignments include popular multiple-alignment formats such as CLUSTAL (lower panel).

Summary

The NCBI PopSet database has been fully updated to the new Entrez system and includes new record displays and better access to related information. These improvements will make the growing collection of PopSets easier to access, download, and analyze.

New My NCBI Interface

My NCBI now has customizable modules making it even easier to manage your NCBI preferences, collections, bibliographies, saved searches, and more. A [video](#) highlighting the new homepage and features is on the NCBI YouTube Channel.

The screenshot displays the NCBI Discovery column interface for a PopSet record. It is divided into three main sections:

- Left-hand image (Discovery column):** Contains sections for "Analyze this data set" (with options for Run BLAST alignment and Tree View), "Article reporting this data set" (with a link to a PubMed article), "Other data sets from this study" (listing related gene sequences), and "Related information" (with links for PopSet, Nucleotide, Protein, PubMed, and Taxonomy).
- Center image (Search results):** A list of 13 search results, each with a checkbox, a link to a specific gene sequence, and details about the phylogenetic study (number of aligned sequences and UID).
- Right-hand image (PubMed article):** A detailed view of the article "Pattern and timing of diversification of the mammalian order Carnivora inferred from multiple nuclear gene sequences" by Eizirik E, et al. (2010). It includes the journal information, authors, affiliation, and an abstract.

Article Title: Pattern and timing of diversification of the mammalian order Carnivora inferred from multiple nuclear gene sequences.

Abstract: The mammalian order Carnivora has attracted the attention of scientists of various disciplines for decades, leading to intense interest in defining its supra-familial relationships. In the last few years, major changes to the topological structure of the carnivoran tree have been proposed and supported by various molecular data sets, radically changing the traditional view of family composition in this order. Although a sequence of molecular studies have established a growing consensus with respect to most inter-familial relationships, no analysis so far has included all carnivoran lineages (both feliform and caniform) in an integrated data set, so as to determine comparative patterns of diversification. Moreover, no study conducted thus far has estimated divergence dates among all carnivoran families, which is an important requirement in the attempt to understand the patterns and tempo of diversification in this group. In this study, we have investigated the phylogenetic relationships among carnivoran families, and performed molecular dating analyses of the inferred nodes. We assembled a molecular supermatrix containing 14 genes (7765 bp), most of which have not been previously used in supra-familial carnivoran phylogenetics, for 50 different genera representing all carnivoran families. Analysis of this data set led to consistent and robust resolution of all supra-familial nodes in the carnivoran tree, and allowed the construction of a molecular timescale for the evolution of this mammalian order.

Figure 3. The Discovery column (left-hand image) for a PopSet record showing related PopSets (center image) and result of following the link to PubMed (right-hand image). The Discovery Column has Analysis Tools, a database ad for PubMed showing the article title, an ad for related PopSets (“Other datasets from this study”), and the traditional Links menu – now shown as Related information. Following the “See all ...” link in the related PopSets ad or the PopSet link produces the results shown in the center image, PopSet for other sequence targets reported in the linked PubMed citation. Following the linked article title in the PubMed ad or the PubMed link in the Related Information section retrieves the citation.

The screenshot displays the My NCBI user interface. At the top left is the My NCBI logo. The main area is divided into several panels:

- Search NCBI databases:** A search box with "PubMed" selected and a "Search" button. A hint below reads: "Hint: clicking the 'Search' button without any terms listed in the search box will transport you to that database's homepage."
- My Bibliography:** Shows "Your bibliography contains 11 items." and "Your bibliography is private." It lists "Most recently added citations:" with a list of articles including Cooper PS, Lipshultz D, etc., and Sayers EW, Barrett T, etc.
- Recent Activity:** A table showing search activity:

Time	Database	Type	Search Query
5:15 PM	Protein	search	zebrafish[Organism] AND
5:12 PM	PubMed	search	koonin[au] AND pubmed
- Saved Searches:** A table listing saved searches:

Search Name	What's New	Last Searched
popset_pubmed[Filter] AND alignment_present[Filter] AND popset_popset[...]	23	2 days ago
blast AND sequence_analysis[Mesh] AND computational_biology[mesh]	0	2 days ago
- Collections:** A table listing collections:

Collection Name	Items	Privacy	Type
My Bibliography	11	Private	Standard
Other Citations	63	Private	Standard

Overlaid on the bottom right is a YouTube video player titled "My NCBI: New Home Page". The video content shows the new My NCBI home page with the text "My NCBI Home Page" and "Tour the new My NCBI home page". The video player shows 48 videos, a subscribe button, and 3,017 likes.

Transcriptome Shotgun Assembly (TSA) Database Available for BLAST




The Transcriptome Shotgun Assembly (TSA) BLAST database is now available from the database list for the main NCBI BLAST services. TSA is an archive of computationally assembled mRNA sequences from primary data such as Expressed Sequence Tag (EST) and raw sequence reads. These sequences were previously a part of the BLAST nucleotide nr (nt) database but have been moved because of their increasing numbers and special characteristics. The [TSA page](#) has more information on the nature and sources of TSA sequences.

New Attributes for Human Variants in dbSNP

New attributes related to allele origin, clinical significance, and population genetics are available in dbSNP. These attributes allow searching and filtering of human variations for the characteristics listed below.











1. **Allele Origin:** Summarizes the reported origin(s) of the variant allele asserted by each submitter for the submitted SNP (ss). Current values are germline, somatic, and unknown. Additional attributes will be added in the future including not-tested, tested-inconclusive, and other.
2. **Clinical significance:** Reports potential health impact of the allele. Possible values:
 - unknown
 - untested
 - non-pathogenic
 - probable-non-pathogenic
 - probable-pathogenic
 - pathogenic
 - drug response
 - histocompatibility
 - other
3. **Global minor allele frequency (MAF):** Shows the minor allele frequency for each RefSNP included in a default global population. Since this is being provided to distinguish common polymorphism from rare variants, the MAF is actually the second most frequent allele value. For example, if there are 3 alleles with frequencies of 0.50, 0.49, and 0.01, the MAF will be reported as 0.49. The current default global population is 1000Genome phase 1 genotype data from 629 worldwide individuals, released in the 08-04-2010 dataset.
4. **Suspect:** Variation suspected to be false positive due to various artifacts.

These new attributes are shown in the images below for the rs429358 [Cluster Report](#) and [Document Summary](#).

Reference SNP(refSNP) Cluster Report: rs429358		** With probable-pathogenic allele [detail] **	
RefSNP	Allele		
Organism: human (Homo sapiens)	Variation Class: SNP: single nucleotide variation		
Molecule Type: Genomic	RefSNP Alleles: C/T		
Created/Updated in build: 80/132	Allele Origin: T:Germline C:Germline		
Map to Genome Build: 37.1	Ancestral Allele: C		
Validation Status: 	Clinical Source:  		
Citation: PubMed	Clinical Significance: With probable-pathogenic allele [detail]		
	MAF/MinorAlleleCount: C=0.076/96		
	MAF Source: 1000 Genomes		

[rs429358](#) [*Homo sapiens*]

GGCTGGGCGCGGACATGGAGGACGTG [C/T] GCGGCCGCTGGTGCAGTACCGCGG

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Allele Origin: T-Germline C-Germline
 MAF/MinorAlleleCount: C=0.0763/96
 Clinical Significance: probable-pathogenic

Please see the [online help](#) for more information and more examples.

Updated BLAST Genome Search Pages

The genome-specific BLAST pages linked to the top of the NCBI [BLAST homepage](#) and accessible from the [Map Viewer homepage](#) now use the standard BLAST form with genome specific databases. This change eliminates the older separate interface and provides the full functionality of the standard BLAST interface including the ability to adjust all algorithm parameters, the capability to edit and re-submit searches, to sort descriptions and alignments in the output, and the full range of formatting and downloading options.

NLM Contest: Show off your Apps! Invitation to Submit Applications that Work with NLM Biomedical Data

The National Library of Medicine (NLM) is challenging people to create innovative software applications that use the Library's vast collection of biomedical data. The purpose of this contest is to foster the development of innovative software applications that will further NLM's mission of aiding the dissemination and exchange of scientific and other information pertinent to medicine and public health. Winners will be recognized at an awards ceremony at the National Library of Medicine and links to their application will be publicized on NLM Web sites. The NLM "Show Off Your Apps" Challenge is open to individuals over the age of 18, teams of individuals, and organizations in the United States. Eligible software applications must make use of NLM's vast collection of biomedical data including downloadable data sets, application programming interfaces, and/or software tools. The [challenge.gov website](#) has detailed information on the contest.

Applications should be submitted to the [challenge.gov](#) site by August 31, 2011.

New Videos on NCBI's YouTube Channel

In addition to the video introducing the new My NCBI mentioned above, four other instructional videos recently became available on NCBI's YouTube channel:

- [Saving search results in My NCBI Collections](#)
- [Loading sequences and adjusting graphical views in NCBI's Genome Workbench](#)
- [Requesting permission to use controlled access data in dbGaP](#)
- [Using BLAST from NCBI's graphical sequence viewer](#)

The Sequence Read and Trace Archive Databases to Continue

Recently, NCBI announced that the Sequence Read Archive (SRA) and Trace Archive repositories would be discontinued due to budget constraints ([NCBI News, March 2011](#)). However, with the commitment of interim funding and a plan for future support developed in collaboration with other NIH Institutes and NIH grantees, NCBI will now continue to accept submissions and maintain the Sequence Read Archive (SRA) and Trace Archive repositories for high-throughput sequence data. These repositories will now focus on high-throughput data that support other kinds of data at the NCBI including:

- RNA-Seq, ChIP-Seq, and epigenomic data that are submitted to GEO
- Genomic and Transcriptomic assemblies that are submitted to GenBank
- 16S ribosomal RNA data associated with metagenomics that are submitted to GenBank

The [full announcement](#) on the NCBI site has more details.

BLAST 2.2.25+ Release and New Set-up Instructions

Stand-alone BLAST+ (v2.2.25) is now on the [FTP site](#). Improvements include hard-masking of databases, faster formatting of databases using makeblastdb, XML and best hit options for Blast2Sequences, multiple query psiblast, selection of any master sequence in psiblast with multiple alignment input, and query and subject length in tabular output. The [BLAST News](#) has more detailed information on changes. Detailed set-up instructions for standalone BLAST are now a part of the [BLAST User Manual](#) on the NCBI Bookshelf.

Microbial Genomes Update

One hundred thirty five finished microbial genomes were released between March 1 and May 31, 2011. The original sequence data files submitted to GenBank/EMBL/DDBJ are available in the [Bacteria](#) directory in the /genbank/genomes area of the GenBank FTP site. One hundred twelve RefSeq provisional versions were made from a selected set of finished genomes. These are available from the [/genomes/Bacteria](#) directory on the FTP site.

In addition, 305 microbial whole genome shotgun-sequencing projects were added to GenBank during this period. The original submitted files are available in the [Bacteria_DRAFT](#) directory in the GenBank genomes area. RefSeq provisional versions of 84 of these projects are available in the [/genomes/Bacteria_DRAFT](#) area of the FTP site.

All GenBank and RefSeq microbial genomes are incorporated in the NCBI integrated Entrez search and retrieval system and the BLAST sequence similarity search service.

RefSeq News

RefSeq Release 47 is available through Entrez, BLAST, and the [RefSeq FTP site](#). The current release includes 17.6 million sequence records from 12,000 organisms. [Release notes](#) provide more detailed information.

GenBank News

GenBank release 183 is available through the NCBI web and [FTP sites](#). The current release incorporates data available as of Apr 11, 2011 and, with the whole-genome shotgun portion, contains 317,952,894,329 bases from 198,156,212 sequence records. [Release notes](#) describe the current state of data and upcoming changes.

NCBI Discovery Workshops at Washington University: July 26-27, 2011

NCBI will present a two-day workshop on July 26 and 27th, at Washington University in St. Louis, Missouri. The course is free and is open to anyone interested in NCBI resources. The workshops provide hands-on experience exploring practical examples using tools and databases on the NCBI website. The four workshops are Sequences, Genomes, and Maps; Proteins, Domains and Structures; NCBI BLAST Services; and Human Variation and Disease Genes. The [Discovery Workshops page](#) has more information.

Announce Lists and RSS Feeds

Eighteen topic-specific mailing lists are available that provide email announcements about changes and updates to NCBI resources including dbGaP, BLAST, GenBank, and Sequin. The various lists are described on the [Announcement List summary page](#). Subscribe to the [NCBI Announce list](#) to receive updates on the NCBI News.

Twelve [RSS feeds](#) are now available from NCBI including news on PubMed, PubMed Central, NCBI Bookshelf, LinkOut, HomoloGene, UniGene, and NCBI Announce.

NCBI's [Facebook](#) page and [Twitter](#) feed also provide updates on NCBI resources.

Send comments and questions about NCBI resources to info@ncbi.nlm.nih.gov, or call 301-496-2475 between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 5:30 p.m. EST, Monday through Friday.